

Response to Hurricane Irma: Cuba

Situation Report No.21 Office of the Resident Coordinator

(19/10/2017)



This report is produced by the Office of the Resident Coordinator. It covers the period from 14:00 hrs on October 19th to 12:00 hrs on October 26th. The next report will be issued on or around 2/11.



Highlights

- In light of the severe loss caused by Hurricane Irma, the banking system continues to provide loans for the purchase of construction materials and goods and the insurance company continues to compensate insured individuals, companies, and cooperatives.
- Sources from the agricultural sector have announced that the significant damage caused by the hurricane to most of the sugarcane area and sugar mills in Cuba will lead to a complex situation in the 2017-2018 harvest.
- Some 342.7 hectares of trees, including precious wood species, were felled by the intense winds of Hurricane Irma in rural and urban in Ciego de Avila Province.

*Note: All the information in this report has been taken from Cuban official media (TV, radio, and press) and statements from Cuban authorities. Sources: Newspapers Periódicos Granma, Juventud Rebelde, Vanguardia, Invasor, Adelante, Periódico 26, Ahora, Sierra Maestra y Venceremos. Radio: Radio Habana Cuba, Radio Angulo, Radio Mambí; Press agencies: Prensa Latina (PL) y Agencia Cubana de Noticias (ACN); Web sites: Cubadebate. Supplementary data has been taken from the National Statistics Office website.

Situation overview

Meeting the basic needs of those affected by Hurricane Irma in early September remains a priority for authorities in the affected provinces in central Cuba, along with the assessment of damage to housing and the delivery of basic needs, construction materials, and humanitarian donations received by the country.

In the affected provinces, local production of building materials is being increased along with the recovery of damaged education and health centers, food production, and the rehabilitation of industries and tourism facilities.

Humanitarian Response

National Authorities

The Chief of the Central Strategic Region continues to assess the progress of recovery efforts in the most affected municipalities of Matanzas, Ciego de Ávila, and Sancti Spíritus Provinces where accelerating solutions for the rehabilitation of houses and increasing local production of construction materials is being incentivized.

The Minister of Energy and Mines visited Sancti Spíritus, Camagüey, Las Tunas, and Ciego de Avila Provinces and acknowledged the work of the electricity sector in recovering from the severe damage caused by the hurricane and restoring electric power services to affected areas.

International Cooperation

Cuba and China signed an agreement on the US\$1 million fund donated by China for the recovery of areas affected by Hurricane Irma and on emergency aid of US\$12 million consisting of generators, pumps, and water purifiers, beds, and sheets and towels, among other items.

Cuba received humanitarian aid from Peru for families affected by Hurricane Irma. The donated goods include roofing materials, mattresses, sheets, and other items.

Sectors



Water, Sanitation and Hygiene

UNICEF

- On 24 October, the first plane from Copenhagen arrived in Havana with part of the supplies purchased by UNICEF to support the recovery of the most affected families following Hurricane Irma. The cargo included 99,382 10-liter collapsible tanks and 8,446,600 water purification tablets for distribution to the six most affected municipalities in Villa Clara, according to the Action Plan. The tanks will also be delivered to the municipality of Esmeralda in Camagüey Province.
- US\$1.55 million from the Central Emergency Response Fund (CERF) is being allocated to support 234,098 people, of whom 43,875 are under 18 years of age.
- Additionally, the printing of 200,000 communications materials to promote messages and information on hygiene education to be distributed in health centers, schools and families in the most affected municipalities is currently underway.

UNDP

- In the United Nations Action Plan in response to Hurricane Irma, UNDP presented a proposal focused in seven municipalities in Villa Clara, Sancti Spíritus, and Ciego de Ávila Provinces to improve access to safe water and promote good hygiene practices at the community level.

UNIDO

- UNIDO presented a proposal in the United Nations Action Plan in response to Hurricane Irma to support the use of renewable energy sources for the pumping of water in seven municipalities in Villa Clara and Sancti Spíritus Provinces.

PAHO/WHO

- To prevent epidemiological outbreaks of waterborne and vector-borne illnesses, PAHO/WHO presented a proposal to support the monitoring of water quality and epidemiological surveillance in 27 affected municipalities in the United Nations Action Plan in response to Hurricane Irma.



Food Security and Nutrition

Damage:

- Despite the efforts of agricultural workers to rehabilitate the thousands of damaged hectares of crops and to realize the planting of short-cycle crops to provide food to the population in the shortest time possible, the completion of harvests will take up to four months, which is why signs of recovery will not be noted until the end of the year.
- Due to impacts to the agricultural sector, supplies have been significantly reduced in agricultural markets since the beginning of September. Some sales units have closed and violations of the maximum price policy, established by the State, have been reported. Some prices have tripled compared to the value before the passing of Hurricane Irma in the Central Region. This situation makes the access of the population to food more difficult in the affected areas.
- Low quality agricultural products, especially crop residues or products harvested from fields before established times, are being sold in some private establishments at increased prices.
- The Azcuba Sugar Group reports that there will be impacts to the sugar harvest due to delays in the repairing of damage to sugar mills.

Response:

- The state agro-business enterprises and cooperatives continue with the planting of short-cycle crops as well as increasing soil productivity by using more efficient irrigation systems. Estimates for Ciego de Ávila Province, among the first for plantain production in the country, state that restored plantain crops will resume production in May 2018.
- The recovery of coffee nurseries continues, together with the sanitation and hygienization of plantations to prevent disease.
- Recovery of affected bee hives continues. Given the damage to the traditional melliferous flora, it being advised that other species usually eliminated from around the hives, such as the bellflower, are to be maintained.
- The repair of infrastructures related to the food industry is advancing and intensive work is being carried out to repair sugar mills.

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FAO

- The acquisition process of roofs, greenhouses, anti-aphid nets, and seeds continues with the objective of contributing to the rehabilitation of agricultural infrastructure suffering the most severe damage and restoring food production, starting with the US\$746,142 approved for implementation as part of the Central Emergency Response Fund (CERF) and the US\$300,000 provided by the Government of Belgium from the SFERA fund.
- Contacts with the Ministry of Agriculture and the Ministry of Food Industry and Fisheries are being maintained to continue defining medium- and long-term necessities.

WFP

- About 635,000 people were supported with over 1,550 tons of rice and beans prepositioned by WFP in Cuba. This represents a 100% rate of food delivery to the target population of the 22 municipalities covered by the operation.¹
- The delivery of WFP-donated food, as part of the distribution planned by national authorities in coordination with local institutions, continues in the 22 most affected municipalities with a particular emphasis on vulnerable groups such as children under five years of age, school-aged children, elderly over 65 years of age, and pregnant and lactating women.
- WFP is following up on the purchase of additional food (vegetable oil, rice, and beans) to complement government rations.
- WFP received confirmation of funding for US\$3.8 million, including from WFP's immediate emergency response fund, the Central Emergency Response Fund (CERF), private funds, and contributions from the governments of Italy and Canada. These funds will ensure assistance to the populations of the 14 most affected municipalities for two months and to vulnerable groups of an additional eight municipalities for one month.
- WFP continues its dialogue with the donor community to mobilize about US\$2 million needed to cover the rations planned for four months.

**Shelter and Early Recovery****Damage:****HOUSING****Villa Clara**

- During a visit of the Head of the Central Strategic Region, the Avilanian authorities provided details on construction elements and household goods that have been received, which are still insufficient, and that are being distributed through a rigorous distribution scheme with priority being placed on those who lost everything, those with illnesses, women with young children, and the elderly.

Sancti Spíritus

- About 20,000 homes affected.

Camagüey

- Next Sunday, 275 new homes will be provided to victims of the hurricane.

LOCAL PRODUCTION OF MATERIALS**Sancti Spíritus**

- The Head of the Central Strategic Region, Ramón Quinta Solás, stressed that the country's effort to deliver vital resources for recovery must be accompanied by an increase in local production of construction materials and the capacity of the industry to counter damage caused by the hurricane.

Ciego de Avila

- The steel and metal industry completed 145,347 square meters of metal profiles, equivalent to 33,552 galvanized zinc tiles destined for Ciego de Avila and Sancti Spíritus Provinces, two of the most affected

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Within the framework of the United Nations System Action Plan for Hurricane Irma, WFP planned its food assistance to the targeted municipalities according to the population data provided by the National Bureau of Statistics (ONEI), updated 31 December 2016. This figure amounted to 647,000 people. However, while delivering the food commodities, national authorities used the latest figures provided by the Office of Supply Distribution Control (OFICODA), updated 31 August 2017. This figure, representing the real number of beneficiaries, amounts to 635,000 people.

areas. They also completed 918 units for trestles in homes and other facilities. Similarly, they processed 22 tons of light metallic structures destined for hotels in the tourist destination in Jardines del Rey.

TOURISM

Villa Clara

- The Minister of Tourism of Cuba, Manuel Marrero Cruz, provided assurances for the preparations of the International Tourism Fair FitCuba 2018, an event that will be hosted in Cayo Santa María.
- Marrero Cruz also confirmed that the country is prepared for the high season, that all tourist destinations will be ready for 1 November, and that only about 8 hotels will open on 15 November.

COMMUNICATIONS

Camagüey

- More than 14,000 affected telephone services in the province were reestablished as were damaged infrastructure and base stations.

UNDP

- 2,520 mattresses arrived in the country and will be distributed in Yaguajay and Sancti Spíritus, according to the indications of local authorities.
- In the coming weeks, and additional 22,950 tarpaulins and 8,950 mattresses will arrive.
- UNDP continues to coordinate with partners and national counterparts to mobilize additional resources under the United Nations System Action Plan to continue supporting Cuba in recovery efforts.
- The purchase of ceiling modules, specialized tool kits, and additional amounts of mattresses and sheets of zinc roofs for the affected municipalities in Villa Clara, Sancti Spíritus, Ciego de Ávila, and Camagüey Provinces continues.
- UNDP, together with COSUDE and the European Union, continues to work to mobilize additional resources.

OIM

- Coordination with Cuban counterparts was carried out upon the arrival of a vessel with IOM donations for those affected by Hurricane Irma. The load, consisting of 2,800 mattresses and 2,800 sheets, will be moved to warehouses in Havana to be shipped to Villa Clara Province as soon as possible.
- 244 250-liter water tanks are on the way to the Port of Mariel and should arrive in the country on 31 October.
- IOM, with the support of its Regional Headquarters, continues to work on mobilizing funds to implement Action Plan projects, which are aimed at improving the quality of life of evacuees, mainly in Villa Clara Province, and supporting the repair of housing to promote the rapid return of evacuees to their homes.



Health

Damage:

- The Ministry of Health reports 980 affected health institutions. The most significant damage was reported to 71 hospitals, 122 basic health care centers, 87 social institutions (such as maternity care centers and nursing homes), and 378 Family Doctor's Offices (FDOs), some of which were reported to have totally collapsed.
- Work is continuing to resolve the impacts to the Hermanos Ameijeiras Hospital in Havana and the Roberto Rodríguez General Hospital in Morón, Ciego de Avila. The impacts are primarily to the hyperbaric oxygenation service, the linear accelerator, and ambulatory and elective surgery rooms.

Response:

- A meeting with officials from the Departments of ProSalud and Mental Health, together with the Red Cross, to plan actions to be carried out in the areas affected, with priority being given to those who are still in shelters, is being coordinated.
- To prevent epidemic diseases, the National Health System continues epidemiological surveillance with an emphasis on the most affected territories.
- In Yaguajay and Sancti Spíritus, the 15 damaged health institutions continue to be restored. Repair and recovery work continues on Family Doctor's Offices as well as the roofs in polyclinics in Meneses, Yaguajay, and Mayajigua, where waterproofing actions and work to the hydraulic networks are being carried out.

- Ready the maternal and elderly homes of the Vitoria community, as well as the Yaguajay Grandparents' House.
- Of the 15 pharmacies with damaged roofs in Yaguajay, only one in the town of Cambao, where recovery actions are being carried out, remains to be restored.
- Work continues in 70 centers belonging to the Public Health System in Havana.
- Thus far, 285 health units in different provinces have been restored, including 21 hospitals, 25 basic health care centers, 107 FDOs, 63 pharmacies, 26 social institutions and 43 other service providers.
- Sixty-eight FDOs remain relocated in order to provide primary care, as follows: 23 in Villa Clara; 22 in Ciego de Avila; 6 in Havana; 6 in Sancti Spíritus; 5 in Camagüey; 3 in Matanzas; 2 in Mayabeque; and 1 in Holguín.
- Sixteen damaged ambulances are being repaired.
- In terms of acute diarrheal diseases, the country remains in the Success Zone of the epidemic channel, with the exception of Mayabeque which is the Security Zone.

Identified needs:

- Coordination with the Ministry of Public Health (MINSAP) continues in order to identify needs for first-line drugs and supplies such as Doxycycline, water treatment tablets, tests to determine levels of residual chlorine, calcium hypochlorite for disinfection, and surface cleaning diagnostic kits as well as medical supplies, equipment, and furniture.
- Among the needs identified are inputs (including microscopes, refrigerated incubators, and colony counters) for the laboratory in Camagüey Province.
- In addition, support for the preparation of a hospital ward, in the same area where the Punta Alegre Polyclinic was relocated, is also needed.
- Needs also include support to the internal reorganization of hospital wards and the construction of a new kitchen (including the purchasing of tools) at the Municipal Hospital in Esmeralda as well as the purchase of a mechanical fan for the therapy room and one autoclave.
- Among the needs identified, priority is being given to oxygen tanks and regulators (manometers) as well as supplies for protecting against vector-borne diseases, such as insecticide-impregnated nets and Temephos 1% (Abate).
- According to MINSAP, UNFPA continues to manage the purchasing of additional Hygiene and Sexual and Reproductive Health Kits to meet the needs for for contraception and the prevention and treatment of STIs and HIV/AIDS as well as care for births and obstetric surgeries for health units that provide gynecological services to the population of the 22 municipalities most affected by Hurricane Irma, which will aid 503,076 beneficiaries, including 221,855 women of reproductive age, 47,933 adolescents between 10 and 14 years of age, and 233,288 young men and adults between 15 and 49 years of age.

PAHO/WHO

- Doxycycline, emergency drug kits, and Temephos 1% arrived to the country.
- To further assess damage to health centers and other institutions, a joint visit by PAHO, UNDP, the Cuban Red Cross, the International Federation of the Red Cross, and ECHO took place in Villa Clara, Sancti Spíritus, Ciego de Ávila, and Camagüey Province on 18-24 October.
- A meeting between ECHO and associates (UNDP, PAHO, the Red Cross, and WFP) to coordinate the complementarity of actions to be carried out in the affected municipalities is being organized.
- The process of purchasing 10,000 liters of Sipertrin SC 5, a chemical product for strengthening residual treatment and vector control, is underway.
- Efforts to mobilize resources are ongoing in accordance with the needs identified in the Action Plan continue.
- Five containers are expected to arrive from the NGO Global Link with equipment and supplies for the December 26 Teaching Hospital in Remedios, Villa Clara; the Joaquin Paneca Consuegra General Teaching Hospital in Yaguajay, Sancti Spíritus; the Roberto Rodríguez Hospital in Morón, Ciego de Ávila; the Octavio de la Concepción y la Pedraja Hospital in Baracoa, Guantánamo; and the Martín Chang Puga General Hospital in Nuevitás, Camagüey.
- One container with medical supplies and equipment donated arrived corresponding to a donation by Quebec's government facilitated by PAHO.
- The PAHO Technical Team in Cuba and the Head of the Ministry of Defense and Civil Defense of MINSAP remain in constant contact in order to follow up on emergency response and the prioritization of damage.
- Advances in the procurement process of medical supplies and equipment to contribute the reestablishment of medical care at all levels are being made as well as to ensure safe water provision in health institutions and surveillance of water quality for the community in affected zones.

UNFPA

- The shipment of 1,000 Hygiene Kits to Cuba, purchased with UNFPA own funds, has been confirmed.
- The first training workshop on the use of contraception, STI management, delivery assistance, and obstetric surgery kits was held in Villa Clara on 19 to 20 October for 100 health professionals from the six municipalities most affected in Villa Clara Province.
- The second training workshop is confirmed for 2 to 3 November in Sancti Spíritus Province.

**Education****Damage:**

- More than 100 schools were damaged by Hurricane Irma in Matanzas Province.
- Education activities continue to take place in affected communities using family homes as safe learning spaces.
- In the municipality of Yaguajay in Sancti Spíritus Province, the education sector is recovering slowly with 44 schools still affected.

Response:

- In spite of impacts to more than 100 educational centers, all institutions in the sector maintained their classrooms open and provided services for all students.
- In Matanzas, more than 50% of schools affected after Hurricane Irma have been rehabilitated and work is quickly advancing to restore 20 additional centers during October.

UNICEF

- On 24 October, the first plane from Copenhagen arrived in Havana with part of the supplies purchased by UNICEF to support the recovery of the most affected families following Hurricane Irma. The cargo included 218 Early Childhood Kits, 595 School-in-a-Box Kits, and 265 Recreation and Dynamic Kits to facilitate educational activities in schools and children's daycare centers in the municipalities of Encrucijada, Quemado de Güines, Sagua La Grande, and Corralillo in Villa Clara Province and the municipality of Yaguajay in Sancti Spíritus Province, benefitting 17,700 children and 17,006 girls.
- In early November and December, educational materials are expected to arrive in the municipalities of Camajuaní and Caibarién in Villa Clara Province. These inputs will benefit 9,287 girls (including 2,864 in early childhood) and 9,666 children (including 2,981 in early childhood).

UNESCO

- As part of the Action Plan, UNESCO's interventions are geared towards providing socio-emotional post-disaster support for children and adolescents with the participation of families and the community in the 27 most affected municipalities.
- In coordination with UNICEF, guidelines for teachers have been developed with the purpose of facilitating socio-emotional care in education institutions and, indirectly, to the families and communities where they teach.

**Logistics****Damage:**

- Damage continue to be reported to the warehouse infrastructure for food and other key assets (see Situation Report 20 for more information).
- In Ciego de Ávila Province, the Cayo Coco Airport was severely affected, with damage to its infrastructure, particularly roofing.

Response:

- Repair work on warehouse infrastructure and road connections continues in the most affected territories.
- The Cayo Coco Airport has been fully rehabilitated and restored its operations.

WFP

- WFP is advancing the purchasing of mobile storage units (MSUs), lighting equipment, and pallets to support the strengthening of local capacities for food storage and protection. The MSUs have been

dispatched from the United Nations Humanitarian Response Depot in Panama to the port in order to be shipped to Cuba as soon as possible. The MSUs will be added to the five already assembled and in use in Ciego de Ávila and Villa Clara Provinces (see Situation Report 20).

General Coordination

The UN System continues working on the implementation of the Plan of Action of the United Nations in Cuba in response to Hurricane Irma, presented in Havana on September 19, available at:

http://onu.org.cu/files/files/CUB_ActionPlan_ESP_20170918.pdf.

http://onu.org.cu/files/files/CUB_ActionPlan_ENG_20170918_4.pdf

The UN System published a report after the first month detailing the immediate response to the impacts of Hurricane Irma:

http://onu.org.cu/files/files/Informe_Respuesta_Huracan_Irma_-_CUBA5_2017-10-18_2.pdf

Access link to previous situation reports:

	Spanish	English
Situation Report No. 1	https://goo.gl/4ndwXJ	https://goo.gl/MRWwsR
Situation Report No. 2	https://goo.gl/rvtMHP	https://goo.gl/qxr2zT
Situation Report No. 3	https://goo.gl/fXUgFU	https://goo.gl/AaAMyz
Situation Report No. 4	https://goo.gl/WYSyBj	https://goo.gl/cZerWK
Situation Report No. 5	https://goo.gl/JGr4VB	https://goo.gl/e7sDG3
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Situation Report No. 8	https://goo.gl/Jvwdk2	https://goo.gl/BQSijQ
Situation Report No. 9	https://goo.gl/e9WV6	https://goo.gl/akD8mc
Situation Report No. 10	https://goo.gl/XqXvkE	https://goo.gl/ZjWca6
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Situation Report No. 12	https://goo.gl/wse5Df	https://goo.gl/BFgX3i
Situation Report No. 13	https://goo.gl/CZ387R	https://goo.gl/n88KVU
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Situation Report No. 20	https://goo.gl/6sd6Fg	https://goo.gl/6sd6Fg

Annex



Food Security and Nutrition

Provinces and municipalities with greatest estimated damage	Damage estimates to agricultural and livestock production Tubers, vegetables, grains, fruits, and others Livestock, fishery and aquaculture	Damage to food production, processing, and marketing infrastructure
Camagüey (Minas, Nuevitas, Sierra de Cubitas, and Esmeralda)	<p>More than 3,000 hectares of plantain and yucca</p> <p>More than 3,500 hectares of assorted crops, especially corn</p> <p>More than 500 tons of fruit crops, including orange, avocado, papaya, guava, and grapefruit</p> <p>More than 10,000 birds were lost, resulting in a reduction in availability of 25,000 eggs per day</p> <p>The Jigüey Fishing Center in Esmeralda was destroyed</p> <p>More than 42,250 hectares of sugarcane razed or damaged and another 12,500 hectares flooded.</p>	<p>95 poultry facilities damaged (mostly to roofing)</p> <p>Damage to 400 fish and food industry facilities (meat and dairy), central warehouses, and milk storing and cooling centers</p> <p>Damage to trade and gastronomy infrastructure and bakeries</p> <p>Damage to sugarcane plantations</p>
Ciego de Ávila (Chambas, Morón, and Bolivia)	<p>More than 5,000 hectares of plantain, corn, cabbage, rice, beans, and other crops</p> <p>Of these more than 4,000 are plantain crops, representing losses of over 50,000 plantains</p> <p>More than 1,500 tons of citrus</p> <p>More than 80,000 hens were harmed, 40% higher than previous estimates</p> <p>700 livestock animals, including one hundred cattle</p>	<p>151 poultry farms</p> <p>115 pig farms</p> <p>194 growing houses for vegetables</p> <p>Destruction of bee hives in 10 municipalities</p> <p>Estimated loss of 3,500 beehives in the north</p> <p>37 warehouses (7 of which were for food), 188 commercial establishments (including 97 storing facilities), and 50 food processing facilities (including 28 bakeries)</p> <p>40 milk heaters at pick-up locations</p> <p>486 tobacco warehouses collapsed</p>
Sancti Spiritus (Yaguajay)	<p>28,500 hectares (54% of the planted areas) of assorted crops, such as beans, tomato, sweet potato, corn, vegetable, papaya, and others were damaged. Of these more than 4,000 plantain crops, corresponding to a loss of 84,000 tons</p> <p>1,900 ha of coffee, corresponding to nearly 86% of crops</p> <p>More than 800,000 juvenile fish of different species</p> <p>More than 200 livestock deceased</p> <p>More than 6,000 chickens</p> <p>More than 70 beehives</p> <p>540 pre-fattened and breeding pigs</p>	<p>More than 260 bovine farms</p> <p>Nearly 45,000 m² of roofing in pig farms and over 9,000 m² in poultry farms</p> <p>Aquaculture infrastructure</p> <p>2,000 beehives</p> <p>10,000 urban agriculture seeding beds</p>

Provinces and municipalities with greatest estimated damage	Damage estimates to agricultural and livestock production Tubers, vegetables, grains, fruits, and others Livestock, fishery and aquaculture	Damage to food production, processing, and marketing infrastructure
Villa Clara (Caibarién, Sagua la Grande, Encrucijada, Corralillo, Quemado de Güines, and Camajuani)	More than 8,000 hectares of plantains, rice, coffee, yucca, and dried maize, including 7,000 tons of rice and 746 hectares of coffee 70% of sugarcane plantations and stored bulk sugar 17,000 laying hens	167 poultry houses and 110 pig houses destroyed Irrigation systems Rice mills and sugar mills Roofs of biscuits factories Over 40,000 zinc roof plates lost, covering the roofs of mills, workshops, warehouses, and dairies Warehouse storing nearly 5,000 tons of products 81 food distribution facilities (bodegas)
Matanzas (Cárdenas and Martí)	More than 2,500 hectares of plantains and other tubers, rice and corn (200 hectares) 20% of citrus plantations, especially grapefruit (20,000 tons) and orange (4,000 tons) 42,000 hectares of sugarcane 1,200 quail and 1,400 eggs in the process of incubation	Poultry houses Irrigation systems Greenhouse tunnels

Source: Ministry of Agriculture and mass media.



Shelter and Early Recovery

Current data on housing damaged by Irma:

Province	Households	Roof	Municipalities
La Habana*	6,450 damaged, including 157 collapsed and 986 partially collapsed	818 with collapsed roofs and 1,555 with partially collapsed roofs	All 15 municipalities in capital city
Mayabeque	1,450 damaged		
Matanzas	2,800 damaged, including 200 collapsed		Cárdenas, Martí, and Matanzas
Cienfuegos	2,000 damaged, including 130 collapsed		
Villa Clara	More than 51,944 damaged, including 1,657 collapsed		Santa Clara, Sagua la Grande, Corralillo, Quemado de Güines, Encrucijada, Camajuaní, Remedios, and Caibarién
Sancti Spiritus	More than 20,000 houses damaged, including 1,931 collapsed		Damage reported in eight municipalities with the most severe damage in Yaguajay, and Sancti Spíritus
Ciego de Ávila	More than 29,871 houses damaged, including 3,971 collapsed		Bolivia: 95% of housing damaged
Camagüey	33,000 houses damaged, 2,886 collapsed, and more than 1,376 partially collapsed.	13,000 roofs damaged	Esmeralda, Sierra de Cubitas, and Nuevitas
Las Tunas	4,151 houses damaged, 199 collapsed, and 445 partially collapsed	430 with collapsed roofs and 2,833 with partially collapsed roofs	
Holguín	1,196 houses damaged, including 174 collapsed		Gibara, Antilla, Holguín, and Banes
Guantánamo	875 houses damaged, including 73 collapsed		Baracoa, Maisí, San Antonio del Sur, Yateras, and Caimanera

Source: Press information.


Distribution of 37 SSR kits to be purchased with UNFPA own funds.

KIT No.	Description	Quantity
Kit No. 4	Oral and Injectable Contraception Kit	12
Kit No. 6A	Clinical Delivery Assistance Kit - Reusable Equipment	8
Kit No. 6B	Clinical Delivery Assistance Kit - Drugs and Disposable Equipment	8
Kit No. 11A	Referral Level, Reusable Equipment Kit	6
Kit No. 11B	Referral Level, Drugs and Disposable Equipment	3

For further information, please contact:

Cristian Morales, Resident Coordinator a.i., UN System in Cuba, morales@paho.org Tel: +53 5 2861593

Liudmila Curbelo, Coordination Officer, UN System in Cuba, liudmila.curbelo@one.un.org, Tel: +53 7 204 1513

For further information, please visit: www.unocha.org, www.reliefweb.int, www.redhum.org, www.onu.org.cu.

For further information, please visit:

Instituto de Meteorología de Cuba: <http://www.met.inf.cu>

Granma: <http://www.granma.cu>

Juventud Rebelde: <http://www.juventudrebelde.cu/>

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